



MAGNOLIA PLACE DINING FACILITY

## On the Menu



### Today

**Lunch** — meat loaf, chicken patties, rice pilaf, mashed potatoes, spinach, carrots, green beans

**Dinner** — french fried fish, chicken stir fry with broccoli, rice, potatoes, cabbage, fried okra, asparagus

### Saturday

**Lunch** — baked ham, baked fish, rice, potatoes au gratin, cauliflower, simmered beans, french fried okra

**Dinner** — lasagna, pancit chicken, francaonia potatoes, steamed rice, corn o' brien, carrots, cabbage

### Sunday

**Lunch** — roast beef, chicken a la king, rice, baked potatoes, carrots, lima beans, broccoli

**Dinner** — Salisbury steak, baked chicken, rice, mashed potatoes, green beans, cauliflower, brussels sprouts

### Monday

**Lunch** — stuffed pork chops, tamale pie, baked fish, noodles, potatoes, dry beans, brussels sprouts, spinach

**Dinner** — roast veal, szechwan chicken, rice pilaf, mashed potatoes, cauliflower, calico corn, fried okra

### Tuesday

**Lunch** — teriyaki steak, southern

fried catfish, jerk chicken, baked potato halves, rice, carrots, cauliflower **Dinner** — yankee pot roast, country captain chicken, macaroni and cheese, mashed potatoes, bean combo, okra and tomato gumbo, corn

### Wednesday

**Lunch** — Salisbury steak, pork adobo, stir fry beef with broccoli, rice, mashed potatoes, carrots, spinach

**Dinner** — Swedish meatballs, spicy baked fish, jefferson noodles, potatoes, stewed tomatoes, vegetables

### Thursday

**Lunch** — roast turkey, chicken parmesan, fried fish, rice, mashed potatoes, peas with mushrooms, broccoli, corn

**Dinner** — roast loin of pork, Hungarian goulash, rice, parsley buttered potatoes, french style green beans, carrots and peas, brussels sprouts

### Friday

**Lunch** — onion smothered steak strips, shrimp scampi, barbecued chicken, rice pilaf, o' brien potatoes, peas, asparagus, cauliflower

**Dinner** — tomato meat loaf, baked tuna and noodles, rice pilaf, mashed potatoes, Boston baked beans, calico corn, broccoli

# Remembering the Holocaust

**By Capt. Robert Sonnenberg**  
*437 AW Judge Advocate's office*

This year, the United States Holocaust Council has designated the first week of May as time to stop and remember those who lost their lives during the Holocaust.

Six-and-a-half million Jews, 1.5 million Poles, 1 million Gypsies, 500,000 homosexuals, and 300,000 mentally ill were just some of the people who lost their lives during the Holocaust. However, the principle victims were the Jews. Of the millions of Jews who were sent into the Nazi death camps, historians estimate that less than 100,000 came out alive.

On May 31, Charleston AFB will observe a Day of Remembrance for the victims of the Holocaust at 9 a.m. in the new base chapel. The ceremony will include two Auschwitz death survivors, Joe Engel and Pinchus Kolander, who will talk about their experiences during the Holocaust. Additionally, there will be prayers, music, and a lighting of candles in honor of all who lost their lives during the Holocaust.

Remembrance of the Holocaust is our duty to the past and to the future. It is important for us to teach our

youth to honor the sanctity and dignity of all human life and to respect every person regardless of race, color or creed.

The Holocaust is of fundamental significance to the American people since the American military played a vital role in liberating several of the Nazi death camps, and the United States became a homeland for many of the survivors. Allied forces discovered the Nazi death camps

while advancing on military objectives in the final stages of World War II.

Americans first came face-to-face with the Nazi system of dehumanization and death when they liberated Ohrdruf in April 1945. The reaction of Americans as they entered

the Nazi death camps was one of shock, disbelief, and anger.

General Dwight D. Eisenhower said in 1945, "We are told that the American soldier does not know what he is fighting for. Now, at least, he will know what he is fighting against." The Holocaust was the most extensive and systematic genocide in human history, an event of unprecedented evil. Specifically it must be confronted as the evil of anti-Semitism - virulent hatred of the Jewish People and the Jewish faith. The Nazis murdered millions of Jews.

